

Uttar Pradesh P.C.S. Upper Subordinate (Mains) Exam., 2012

General Studies Paper – I

(Exam held on 21-12-2012)

1. The first Battle of Panipat was fought between–

- (A) Babur and Ibrahim Lodi
- (B) Babur and Rana Sanga
- (C) Sher Shah Suri and Akbar
- (D) Humayun and Ibrahim Lodi

Ans : (A)

2. Todar Mal was associated to–

- (A) Law
- (B) Land Revenue Reforms
- (C) Literature
- (D) Music

Ans : (B)

3. Who among the following gave up the title of 'Sir' in protest against the Jallianwala Bagh incident ?

- (A) Mahatma Gandhi
- (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (C) Rabindranath Tagore
- (D) Tej Bahadur Sapru

Ans : (C)

4. Which of the following Mauryan officers was in-charge of weights and measures ?

- (A) Pautavadyaksha
- (B) Panyadyaksha
- (C) Sitadyaksha
- (D) Sunadyaksha

Ans : (A)

5. In the third Battle of Panipat Marathas were defeated by–

- (A) Mughals
- (B) Afghans
- (C) Britishers
- (D) Rohillas

Ans : (B)

6. The Harappan city represented by the archaeological site of Lothal was situated on the river–

- (A) Narmada
- (B) Mahi
- (C) Bhogava
- (D) Bhima

Ans : (C)

7. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below the lists–

List-I

- (a) Battle of Haldighati
- (b) Battle of Bilgram
- (c) Revolt of Khusro
- (d) Battle of Kanwah

List-II

- 1. Babur
- 2. Akbar
- 3. Humayun
- 4. Jahangir

Codes:

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (B) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (C) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |

Ans : (A)

8. Who among the following was the 1st Law Minister of India ?

- (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (B) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- (C) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- (D) T. T. Krishnamachari

Ans : (B)

9. Bal Gangadhar Tilak was given the epithet Lokmanya during–

- (A) Swadeshi Movement

- (B) Revolutionary Movement
(C) Home Rule Movement
(D) Quit India Movement
Ans : (C)

- (B) Jahandar Shah
(C) Mohammad Shah
(D) Akbar II
Ans : (A)

10. In which order did the following dynasties rule Delhi ?
Select the correct answer from the code given below—

1. Khalji 2. Lodi
3. Sayyid 4. Slave

Codes:

- (A) 1, 2, 4, 3
(B) 1, 2, 3, 4
(C) 2, 3, 4, 1
(D) 4, 1, 3, 2

Ans : (D)

11. Which one of the following is considered to be the most significant battle in the establishment of British Supremacy in India ?

- (A) Buxar
(B) Plassey
(C) Seringapattam
(D) Wandiwash

Ans : (A)

12. When did Gandhiji give the slogan of 'Swaraj in a year' ?

- (A) During Dandi March
(B) During Non-Cooperation Movement
(C) During Civil Disobedience Movement
(D) During Round Table Conference

Ans : (B)

13. Court Language during Mughal period was—

- (A) Arabic
(B) Turki
(C) Persian
(D) Urdu

Ans : (C)

14. The Arthashastra of Kautilya is a—

- (A) Play about Chandragupta Maurya
(B) Biography
(C) History of Chandragupta Maurya
(D) Book on Principles of Government

Ans : (D)

15. Who succeeded Aurangzeb after his death in 1707 A.D.?

- (A) Bahadur Shah I

16. In whose reign-period the Chinese Traveller Hiuen-Tsang visited India ?

- (A) Chandragupta-II
(B) Harsh
(C) Dhandey
(D) Skandgupta

Ans : (B)

17. Which of the following temples is an example of rock cut architecture ?

- (A) Shore temple, Mamalla puram
(B) Rajarajeswara temple, Thanjavur
(C) Kailash temple, Ellora
(D) Jagannath temple, Puri

Ans : (C)

18. Aurobindo Ghosh was brilliantly defended in the Alipur cons-piracy case by—

- (A) Chitta Ranjan Das
(B) W. C. Bannerjee
(C) Motilal Nehru
(D) Tej Bahadur Sapru

Ans : (A)

19. Between whom was the 'Treaty of Bassein' signed in 1802 ?

- (A) English and Bajirao-I
(C) English and Bajirao-II
(C) French and Bajirao-I
(D) Dutch and Bajirao-II

Ans : (B)

20. The most learned ruler of the Delhi Sultanate who was well versed in various branches of learning including Astronomy, Mathematics and Medicines was—

- (A) Iltutmish
(B) Alauddin Khalji
(C) Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq
(D) Sikandar Lodi

Ans : (C)

21. The conquest of Sindh by British was completed during the period of—

- (A) Lord Ellenborough

- (B) Lord Hardinge
(C) Lord Aukland
(D) Lord Arnherst
Ans : (A)
22. **Who compared Curzon's administration in India to that of Aurangzeb—**
(A) B. G. Tilak
(B) G. K. Gokhale
(C) Dadabhai Naoroji
(D) Annie Besant
Ans : (A)
23. **Who among the following established Delhi as the Capital of Sultanate ?**
(A) Muizzuddin Muhammad Gori
(B) Qutubuddin Aibak
(C) Iltutmish
(D) Aram Shah
Ans : (C)
24. **Where did the Indian Congress get divided into two wings—moderates and extremists ?**
(A) Surat Session 1907
(B) Lahore Session 1909
(C) Calcutta Session 1911
(D) Karachi Session 1913
Ans : (A)
25. **Which important event immediately preceded Jallianwala Bagh massacre ?**
(A) Non-Cooperation Movement
(B) Enactment of Rowlett Act
(C) Communal Award
(D) Arrival of Simon Commission
Ans : (B)
26. **What is the correct sequence of the following movements ?**
1. Civil Disobedience Movement
2. Khilafat Movement
3. Home-Rule Movement
4. Quit India Movement
Select your answer from the code given below—
(A) 1, 4, 3, 2
(B) 4, 1, 2, 3
(C) 3, 2, 1, 4
(D) 2, 4, 1, 3
Ans : (C)
27. **The date April 6, 1930 is known in Indian history for—**
(A) First Round Table Conference in London
(B) Non-Cooperation Movement
(C) Gandhi-Irwin Pact
(D) Mahatma Gandhi's breaking law by making salt during Salt Satyagrah
Ans : (D)
28. **Mausoleum (Dargah) of which Chisti Saint was most visited by Akbar ?**
(A) Moinuddin Chisti
(B) Sheikh Nasimuddin Chirag Dehalvi
(C) Qutubuddin Bakhtiyar Qaki
(D) Sheikh Farid Sanj-ai-Shakar
Ans : (A)
29. **Which one, of the following parties was in power in U. K. when India got independence ?**
(A) Conservative Party
(B) Labour Party
(C) Liberal Party
(D) Socialist Party
Ans : (B)
30. **Who was the first Lady President of the Indian National Congress ?**
(A) Nalini Sen Gupta
(B) Sarojini Naidu
(C) Annie Besant
(D) Kadambini Bose
Ans : (C)
31. **The Muslim Leagues Annual Session which gave effect to Jinnah's Two Nation Theory was held in—**
(A) Lahore
(B) Karachi
(C) Bombay
(D) Lucknow
Ans : (A)
32. **Who among the following Sufis regarded Krishna among the Auliya?**
(A) Shah Abdul Azeed
(B) Shah Waliullah
(C) Shah Kalimullah
(D) Muhammad Ghaus
Ans : (D)

33. **The Muslim league demanded separate Pakistan for the first time in the year–**
(A) 1939
(B) 1940
(C) 1941
(D) 1942
Ans : (B)
34. **Mahodaya in an old name of–**
(A) Allahabad
(B) Khajuraho
(C) Kannauj
(D) Patna
Ans : (C)
35. **Mughal Style of painting was started by–**
(A) Jahangir
(B) Akbar
(C) Shahjahan
(D) Humayun
Ans : (D)
36. **Who among the following is known as the 'Father of Hindi Khadi Boli ?**
(A) Amir Khusrau
(B) Malik Muhammad Jaisi
(C) Kabir
(D) Abdul Rahim-Khan-i-Khanan
Ans : (A)
37. **Who among the following prominently fought for and got widow remarriage legalised ?**
(A) Annie Besant
(B) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
(C) M. G. Ranade
(D) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
Ans : (B)
38. **The Indian National Congress was formed during Governor Generalship of–**
(A) Lord Ripon
(B) Lord William Bentinck
(C) Lord Dufferin
(D) Lord Curzon
Ans : (C)
39. **Gandhiji's Champaran Movement was for–**
(A) The Security of the rights of Harijans
(B) Civil Disobedience Movement
(C) Maintaining of unity of Hindu Society
(D) Solving the problems of Indigo worker
Ans : (D)
40. **When Gandhiji was arrested in Salt Satyagrah, who took his place as leader of the movement ?**
(A) Abbas Tyabji
(B) Abul Kalam Azad
(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(D) Sardar Patel
Ans : (A)
41. **The educational centre at Delhi called Madrasah-i-Begam was established by–**
(A) Gulbadan Begam
(B) Maham Anaga
(C) Zia-un-nisa
(D) Zinat-un-nisa
Ans : (B)
42. **Sati system was abolished by–**
(A) Lord Warren Hastings
(B) Lord Wellesley
(C) Lord William Bentinck
(D) Lord Ripon
Ans : (C)
43. **Where was Mahatma Gandhi arrested in connection with Quit India Movement ?**
(A) Bombay
(B) Madras
(C) Calcutta
(D) New Delhi
Ans : (A)
44. **When 1857 Revolt broke out, Governor-General was–**
(A) Dalhousie
(B) Canning
(C) Lawrence
(D) Curzon
Ans : (B)
45. **The English Newspaper 'Independent' was associated to–**
(A) Mahatma Gandhi
(B) C. R. Das
(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(D) Moti Lal Nehru
Ans : (D)

46. Which of the following States of India does not have common border with Myanmar ?
(A) Assam
(B) Nagaland
(C) Arunachal Pradesh
(D) Mizoram
Ans : (A)
47. Which of the following is correctly matched ?
(A) Eskimo – Amazon Basin
(B) Pigmy – Irawadi Basin
(C) Bundu – Sahara
(D) Bushman – Kalahari
Ans : (D)
48. Afghanistan does not have common border with—
(A) Uzbekistan
(B) Tajikistan
(C) Russia
(D) Turkmenistan
Ans : (C)
49. Which one of the following statements is correct ?
(A) Greenland is the second largest (area) island in the world
(B) Nuuk is a small town of Greenland
(C) The height of Nuuk above the sea level is 3 metre
(D) Greenland belongs to U.S.A.
Ans : (D)
50. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched ?
Country — City
(A) Venezuela — Bogota
(B) New Zealand — Caracas
(C) Colombia — Wellington
(D) Cyprus — Nicosia
Ans : (D)
51. World's longest Rail-road tunnel Seikan is in—
(A) China
(B) South Korea
(C) Japan
(D) Malaysia
Ans : (A)
52. Which of the following Islands of the Pacific Ocean belongs to Melanesia group of Islands ?
(A) Soloman island
(B) Gilbert island
(C) Society island
(D) Marshall island
Ans : (A)
53. In which one of the following countries are Pampas Grasslands located ?
(A) Paraguay
(B) Bolivia
(C) Argentina
(D) Uruguay
Ans : (C)
54. Which of the following areas of India receives winter rainfall ?
(A) North-West
(B) South-West
(C) North-East
(D) South-East
Ans : (A)
55. Where the area known as "Jangal Mahal" is situated ?
(A) West Bengal
(B) Jharkhand
(C) Assam
(D) Bihar
Ans : (A)
56. Which of the following is a specific example of 'Out Port'?
(A) Porbandar
(B) Haldia
(C) Panaji
(D) Vishakhapatnam
Ans : (C)
57. The famous Tiger Reserve 'Sariska' is situated in which of the following States ?
(A) Uttar Pradesh
(B) Rajasthan
(C) Uttarakhand
(D) Madhya Pradesh
Ans : (B)
58. The most controversial 'Babli Project' is situated in which of the following States ?
(A) Andhra Pradesh
(B) Gujarat

- (C) Madhya Pradesh
(D) Maharashtra
Ans : (D)
59. **The first Nuclear reactor of India is named–**
(A) Apsara
(B) Kamini
(C) Rohini
(D) Urvashi
Ans : (A)
60. **The biggest producer of spices in India is–**
(A) Gujarat
(B) Kerala
(C) Madhya Pradesh
(D) Punjab
Ans : (B)
61. **The largest Milk producing country in the world is–**
(A) Canada
(B) Denmark
(C) England
(D) India
Ans : (D)
62. **The Earth is located between–**
(A) Venus and Mars
(B) Mars and Jupiter
(C) Venus and Jupiter
(D) Mercury and Venus
Ans : (A)
63. **Which of the following mountains is located in Germany?**
(A) Black Forest
(B) Atlas
(C) Pyrenees
(D) Apennines
Ans : (A)
64. **Which of the following countries is called 'Garden of Lakes' ?**
(A) Poland
(B) Finland
(C) Netherlands
(D) Switzerland
Ans : (B)
65. **Which of the following systems of rocks in India contain major deposits of Iron-ore ?**
(A) Gondwana System
(B) Cuddapah System
(C) Dharwar System
(D) Vindhyan System
Ans : (C)
66. **Which one of the following rivers cuts across all the three ranges of the Himalayas ?**
(A) Ravi
(B) Sutlej
(C) Chenab
(D) Jhelum
Ans : (B)
67. **Tsunami Warning Centre in India is located in–**
(A) Chennai
(B) Vishakhapatnam
(C) Hyderabad
(D) Port Blair
Ans : (D)
68. **Which one of the following Tiger reserves of India is located in Mizoram ?**
(A) Melghat
(B) Buxa
(C) Dampha
(D) Bhadra
Ans : (C)
69. **According to Census 2011, the State having the highest density of population is–**
(A) Bihar
(B) Kerala
(C) Uttar Pradesh
(D) West Bengal
Ans : (A)
70. **According to Population Census 2011, which of the following states of India has lowest percentage of Urban Population to its total population ?**
(A) Himachal Pradesh
(B) Odisha
(C) Jharkhand
(D) Rajasthan
Ans : (A)

71. According to Census 2011, which of the following statements about Uttar Pradesh are correct ?
1. The district having lowest literacy rate is Shravasti.
 2. The district having the highest sex-ratio is Deoria.
 3. The district having the lowest density of population is Lalitpur.
 4. On the basis of Nagar Nigam area population, the most population city in the State is Kanpur.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below—
- (A) 1 and 2
(B) 1 and 3
(C) 2 and 4
(D) 3 and 4
Ans : (B)
72. The 'Hot Spots' (in context of environment) found in India are—
- (A) Eastern Ghat, Western Ghat
(B) Vindhyan Range, Eastern Ghat
(C) Eastern Himalayan Range, Western Ghat
(D) Shivalik Range, Eastern Ghat
Ans : (C)
73. Which State of India recorded the negative growth-rate of population during 2001-11 ?
- (A) Goa
(B) Kerala
(C) Karnataka
(D) Nagaland
Ans : (D)
74. According to Census 2011, the most urbanised State of India is—
- (A) Kerala
(B) Maharashtra
(C) Tamil Nadu
(D) West Bengal
Ans : (C)
75. According to Census 2011, which of the following States has the lowest density of population ?
- (A) Nagaland
(B) Arunachal Pradesh
(C) Sikkim
(D) Mizoram
Ans : (B)
76. According to population Census 2011, which of the following States has largest. number of females per thousand males ?
- (A) Tamil Nadu
(B) Manipur
(C) Meghalaya
(D) Kerala
Ans : (D)
77. As per Census 2011, the most literate district of U.P. is—
- (A) Gautam Buddha Nagar
(B) Ghaziabad
(C) Kanpur Nagar
(D) Lucknow
Ans : (B)
78. Which State of India has the largest percentage of its area under forest cover ?
- (A) Arunachal Pradesh
(B) Meghalaya
(C) Mizoram
(D) Nagaland
Ans : (B)
79. The decadal growth rate of population in India has been lowest during—
- (A) 1961-1971
(B) 1981-1991
(C) 1991-2001
(D) 2001-2011
Ans : (D)
80. Which of the following has been designated by the U.N.O. as decade for 2011-20
- (A) Natural disaster decade
(B) Bio-diversity decade
(C) Climate-change decade
(D) Environment decade
Ans : (B)
81. The decadal growth of population was the lowest in 2011 in the State of—
- (A) Andhra Pradesh
(B) Bihar
(C) Tamil Nadu
(D) West Bengal
Ans : (A)

92. With which country, India has signed Social Security Agreement in June 2012 ?
(A) Estonia
(B) Finland
(C) Norway
(D) Sweden
Ans : (B)
93. The Winner of Golden Boot award in Euro-Cup 2012 was—
(A) Cristiana Ronaldo
(B) Fernando Torres
(C) Mario Balotelli
(D) Mario Gomez
Ans : (B)
94. Who was India's flag bearer at the London Olympics 2012?
(A) Mary Kom
(B) Saina Nehwal
(C) Sushil Kumar
(D) Vijay Kumar
Ans : (C)
95. Who among the following is the 29th Grand Master in India ?
(A) Deep Sen Gupta
(B) M. R. Lalit Babu
(C) M. R. Venkatesh
(D) Sahaj Grover
Ans : (D)
96. Which one of the following statements is not true about GSAT-10 ?
(A) It was successfully launched from French Guiana on September 29, 2012
(B) It weighs about 3400 kg
(C) It carries 25 communication transponders
(D) It has an operational life of about 15 years
Ans : (C)
97. In which country FIFA-2010 World Cup was held ?
(A) Argentina
(B) Spain
(C) Brazil
(D) South Africa
Ans : (D)
98. Which country won Gold Medal in Men's Hockey in London Olympics 2012 ?
(A) Australia
(B) Britain
(C) Germany
(D) Netherlands
Ans : (C)
99. Who has been named the 'ODI Cricketer of the year' at the ICC Annual Awards function held in September 2012?
(A) Kumar Sangakara
(B) Michael Clarke
(C) M. S. Dhoni
(D) Virat Kohli
Ans : (D)
100. Which two States have banned in July 2012, the production, distribution and sale of Gutka and Panmasala ?
(A) Bihar and Rajasthan
(B) Gujarat and Madhya Pradesh
(C) Haryana and Jharkhand
(D) Punjab and Karnataka
Ans : (B)
101. Who among the following has been given Ramon Magsaysay Award for the year 2012 ?
(A) Anupam Mishra
(B) Dr. Binayak Sen
(C) Kulandei Francis
(D) R. K. Pachauri
Ans : (C)
102. Which country has granted political asylem to WikiLeaks Chief, Julian Assange ?
(A) Bolivia
(B) Colombia
(C) Ecuador
(D) Guyana
Ans : (C)
103. How many Foreign Satellites are proposed to be launched in the ISRO's next PSLV stated for December 2012 ?
(A) 3
(B) 4
(C) 5
(D) 6
Ans : (B)

104. 'Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan' started recently by Government of India relates to—
(A) Making the Ganga, pollution free
(B) Making the Environment pollution free
(C) Making the Urban areas of the country pollution free
(D) Ending the Open Latrine System in Rural areas
Ans : (D)
105. 'Yellow Revolution' is related with—
(A) Flori culture
(B) Fish culture
(C) Rape seed-Mustard production
(D) Wheat production
Ans : (C)
106. 'Lalit' is an improved variety of—
(A) Mango
(B) Guava
(C) Banana
(D) Strawberry
Ans : (B)
107. National Academy of Agricultural Research Management (NAARM) is located at—
(A) New Delhi
(B) Hyderabad
(C) Nagpur
(D) Nainital
Ans : (B)
108. Crop Insurance Scheme in India was started in—
(A) 1945
(B) 1980
(C) 1985
(D) 1988
Ans : (C)
109. Preferred variety of Mango for export is—
(A) Dashahri
(B) Langra
(C) Alphonso
(D) Amrapali
Ans : (A)
110. Which of the following controls the working of Share Market in India ?
(A) FEMA
(B) SEBI
(C) MRT Act
(D) None of the above
Ans : (B)
111. Term 'Balance of Payment' is used in relation to which of the following ?
(A) Annual sale of a factory
(B) Tax collection
(C) Exports and Imports
(D) None of the above
Ans : (C)
112. 'Dalal Street' is situated at—
(A) New Delhi
(B) London
(C) Mumbai
(D) Paris
Ans : (C)
113. The Public Sector undertaking included in 'Navratna' is—
(A) SAIL
(B) GAIL
(C) MTNL
(D) All of the above
Ans : (A)
114. The descending order of the following States from the point of view of wheat production in the country is—
(A) Haryana, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Bihar
(B) Haryana, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Bihar
(C) Madhya Pradesh, Bihar, Rajasthan, Haryana
(D) Haryana, Rajasthan, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh
Ans : (A)
115. Which one of the following crops can be grown in all the three seasons of the year ?
(A) Sunflower
(B) Safflower
(C) Mustard
(D) Linseed
Ans : (A)
116. First Agricultural University in India was established at—
(A) Pantnagar
(B) Ludhiana
(C) Jabalpur
(D) Kanpur
Ans : (A)

117. Central Food Technological Research Institute is located at—
(A) Bengaluru
(B) Mysore
(C) Chennai
(D) Hyderabad
Ans : (B)
118. In India the largest area of Saline soil is found in the State of—
(A) Uttar Pradesh
(B) Haryana
(C) Gujarat
(D) Maharashtra
Ans : (A)
119. The average cropping intensity of India is about—
(A) 110 per cent
(B) 135 per cent
(C) 160 per cent
(D) 185 per cent
Ans : (B)
120. The contribution of agriculture at present in National G.D.P. is approximately—
(A) 18%
(B) 23%
(C) 25%
(D) 28%
Ans : (A)
121. Which one of the following States has largest area under Soybean cultivation ?
(A) Uttar Pradesh
(B) Bihar
(C) Madhya Pradesh
(D) Maharashtra
Ans : (C)
122. Hand book of Agriculture is published from—
(A) I.A.R.I.
(B) I.C.A.R.
(C) U.P.C.A.R.
(D) I.C.S.I.R.
Ans : (A)
123. Rourkela Steel Plant was established in collaboration with—
(A) United Kingdom
(B) Russia
(C) U.S.A.
(D) Germany
Ans : (D)
124. VAT is imposed—
(A) On first stage of production
(B) Directly on consumer
(C) On all stages between production and final sale
(D) On final stage of production
Ans : (C)
125. Indian Meteorological Department is established at—
(A) New Delhi
(B) Nagpur
(C) Jodhpur
(D) Pune
Ans : (D)
126. In Uttar Pradesh, the first Viklang Viswa Vidyalaya has been established at—
(A) Banda
(B) Kanpur
(C) Chitrakoot
(D) Sonbhadra
Ans : (C)
127. In Uttar Pradesh Mid-day-meal programme was started in the year—
(A) 1985
(B) 1990
(C) 1995
(D) 1997
Ans : (C)
128. In Uttar Pradesh 'Rani Laxmibai Dam Project' has been constructed on the river—
(A) Ghagra
(B) Betwa
(C) Sone
(D) Chambal
Ans : (B)

129. Kanhaiyalal Maniklal Central Hindi Institute is situated at—
(A) Agra
(B) Bareilly
(C) Gorakhpur
(D) Meerut
Ans : (A)
130. Who has unanimously been elected speaker of the 16th Uttar Pradesh Assembly ?
(A) Sukhdeo Rajbhar
(B) Mata Prasad Pandey
(C) Syed Ahmad Bukhari
(D) Naresh Uttam
Ans : (B)
131. Who among the following acted as President of Indian National Congress for six consecutive years ?
(A) Dadabhai Naoroji
(B) Abul Kalam Azad
(C) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
(D) Jawaharlal Nehru
Ans : (B)
132. Among the following, which area of Uttar Pradesh is maximum flood affected ?
(A) Western area
(B) Eastern area
(C) Middle area
(D) Northern area
Ans : (B)
133. Consider the following statements and find out the correct answer using the code given below—
Assertion (A) : In Uttar Pradesh, Shiksha Mitra Yojna, provides an opportunity to village youth force to serve by their own village-education.
Reason (R) : Its purpose is to maintain teacher-student ratio according to norms.
Codes:
(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
Ans : (A)
134. In Uttar Pradesh when 'Go to School Campaign' for primary education, was started ?
(A) In the year 1999
(B) In the year 2000
(C) In the year 2001
(D) In the year 2002
Ans : (A)
135. In Uttar Pradesh maximum percentage of workers are engaged in—
(A) Agriculture field
(B) Industry field
(C) Service field
(D) Industry and Service field
Ans : (A)
136. Which one of the following is not correctly matched ?
(A) Sacred Tourist place of Kabir panthi – Maghar
(B) Place of eternal happiness of Lord Buddha – Kushinagar
(C) Grave of Sufi Sant Hazi Waris Ali Shah – Deva Sharif
(D) Place of devotion of 88 thousand Rishis – Sankisa
Ans : (D)
137. G. T. Road does not pass from—
(A) Allahabad
(B) Agra
(C) Aligarh
(D) Mughal Sarai
Ans : (B)
138. In India which State has the largest representation in Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha ?
(A) Uttar Pradesh
(B) Madhya Pradesh
(C) Maharashtra
(D) Andhra Pradesh
Ans : (A)
139. According to 2011 Census, figures, which among the following Districts in Uttar Pradesh has the lowest female literacy?
(A) Ballia
(B) Deoria
(C) Gorakhpur
(D) Rampur
Ans : (D)

140. Famous 'Chirkula' dance is associated with—

- (A) Avadh
- (B) Bundelkhand
- (C) Brij Bhumi
- (D) Rohilkhand

Ans : (C)

141. The main Commercial Crop of Uttar Pradesh is—

- (A) Oil seeds
- (B) Cotton
- (C) Sugarcane
- (D) Jute

Ans : (C)

142. In Uttar Pradesh on the occasion of Holi festival 'Lathmar Holi is celebrated at—

- (A) Brindavan
- (B) Barsana
- (C) Mathura
- (D) Gokul

Ans : (B)

143. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below the lists—

List-I (Lok Geet)

- (a) Birha
- (b) Rasia
- (c) Alha
- (d) Kajari

List-II (Area)

- 1. Brij Bhumi
- 2. Bundelkhand
- 3. Poorvanchal
- 4. Avadh

Codes:

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| (D) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |

Ans : (C)

144. In Uttar Pradesh the highest production of 'Aonla' comes from—

- (A) Rae Bareli District
- (B) Pratapgarh District
- (C) Sultanpur District
- (D) Faizabad District

Ans : (B)

145. Railway Coach factory in Uttar Pradesh is being established at—

- (A) Rae Bareli
- (B) Noida
- (C) Kanpur
- (D) Amethi

Ans : (A)

146. Yamuna Express way runs between—

- (A) Noida to Greater Noida
- (B) Greater Noida to Agra
- (C) Lucknow to Agra
- (D) Agra to Allahabad

Ans : (B)

147. Which one of the following is not correctly matched ?

- (A) Bio-technology Park – Lucknow
- (B) Tronica City – Noida
- (C) Plastic City – Kanpur
- (D) Leather Technology Park – Unnao

Ans : (B)

148. Indian Grassland and Forest Research Institute is located at—

- (A) Bahraich
- (B) Ranchi
- (C) Jhansi
- (D) Patna

Ans : (C)

149. Which one of the following is not correctly matched ?

- (A) Amir Khusro – Etah
- (B) Mirza Galib – Agra
- (C) Josh – Malihabad
- (D) Jigar – Gorakhpur

Ans : (D)

150. Begam Samru built a very famous Church in—

- (A) Mount Abu
- (B) Nainital
- (C) Sardhana
- (D) Kanpur

Ans : (C)

